



HENNEY TALKS

Senator Mitchell Is In Bad Way.

HERMANN'S POSITION

Indictments Do Not Require Testimony From S. A. D. Puter.

AY FIRE FEDERAL OFFICERS

Federal Officers May Lose Jobs and Land Fraud Situation Grows More Sultry for Participants as the Days Go By.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 2.—In the case of an interview F. J. Henney, who arrived today from Portland, said: "The good people of Oregon will be much astounded when they hear evidence in the case against Mitchell and Hermann as they were when they heard the evidence in the case of McKinley and others. The case against Mitchell and Hermann will not depend on the slightest upon the testimony of Puter or McKinley. Evidence sufficient to convict and sustain a conviction without placing either of them upon the stand is at hand. The indictment already procured shows only the edge of the vast frauds perpetrated in Oregon. I expect to secure the indictments of at least a dozen prominent and wealthy persons who have profited most by these frauds. It may become necessary for me to request the removal of certain other federal officers before I complete the investigation."

MORE INDICTMENTS.

Mayor and Chief of Police the Next Victims.

Portland, Jan. 2.—The federal grand jury is still busy with indictments, and the rumor is strong that the next victims will be Mayor George H. Williams and Chief of Police C. H. Williams. An indictment against each of these officials is known to be in the hands of the foreman of the jury, but when they may be returned is, of course, not known.

The suggestion is made by some who are tired of the indicting of state and city officials that they save time and let the whole city directory and let it go on its trial. The specific charges against the mayor and the chief of police are not known, but it is understood that they include malfeasance in office, failure to suppress gambling and tolerating disorderly houses is a charge that may be brought.

The chief of police may be asked to explain why he released a man named Smith, who was under a 90-day sentence, at least an investigation has been made on this charge.

An indictment against W. C. Elliott, formerly city engineer, is also on the way. It being rumored that obtaining money under false pretences is the charge against him.

Mayor Williams denies having done anything to incur his indictment, and says at the possibility of his being indicted on any score, he also expresses the utmost confidence in Chief of Police Hunt.

MINISTERS DIG IN.

Old Portland Up Against the Wrath.

Portland, Jan. 2.—Ministers of Portland will continue their efforts to get the gates of the Lewis and Clark fair closed on Sunday, despite the fact that they have been informed that the matter is practically settled that the exposition will be open in part. At the meeting of the Ministerial Association held this morning at the corner Street church, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the association that it will be best for

all concerned that the gates of the Lewis and Clark fair be closed on Sunday; but inasmuch as the directors of said fair have not publicly said what will be done in this regard, that we appoint a committee to confer with the directors on the matter."

E. L. House, chairman of the association, stated that he had called on the secretary of the exposition to set a time when the committee appointed by the ministers could meet with the officials and discuss the Sunday opening matter, and that the secretary had said that it was practically settled that the fair would be closed, but that some departments would be open to admit of religious services on the grounds.

The argument that the saloon men are working to get the fair closed on Sunday did not alter the determination of the ministers to work in the same direction. It was suggested that the matter be dropped and the fair people be allowed to do as they pleased in the matter, but this was voted down.

It was announced at the meeting that Booker T. Washington is planning to come to Portland about June 10 to June 20, and it was decided to aid him in getting a place to speak.

Rev. E. M. Sharp presented a resolution objecting to the legislature making any amendments to the present local option law. The resolution was passed, and it was decided that it should be presented to the legislature by the following clergymen: C. E. Cline, M. D. McClelland and E. Nelson Allen.

ANOTHER JURY BUST.

In New York Marriage Causes Indictments.

New York, Jan. 2.—The Herald tomorrow will say: Three and perhaps five, indictments will be handed down today or tomorrow in connection with the Morse-Dodge divorce and marriage tangle, if the plans of District Attorney Jerome do not miscarry.

GAME A HARD ONE

Multnomah Wins on a Bad Pass.

SEATTLE MADE FATAL FUMBLE

Features of the Contest Found in Sensational Running of Murphy and Wonderful Work by Roller, Seattle's Fast Fullback.

Portland, Jan. 2.—The Multnomah Club won the last game of the season today against Seattle Athletic Club by a score of 6-0. The game was highly exciting throughout, though there were few really sensational plays except the sensational running of Murphy, Multnomah's quarterback, and some wonderful work by Roller, Seattle's fullback.

The scoring occurred in the first half, and was the direct result of a poor pass to Roller, after the ball was landed in Seattle's hands on their own two-yard line. Roller punted, but was downed by Multnomah on Seattle's ten-yard line. Jordan then carried the ball to Seattle's one-yard line. Murphy kicked an easy goal, and the only scoring of the game was finished.

Both teams played a hard game, and they seemed very evenly matched, though for a time it seemed that Multnomah would be too strong for Seattle, but the northerners rallied and held Multnomah down close.

PEABODY WINNING.

Things Are Coming the Colorado Governor's Way.

Denver, Col., Jan. 2.—The cause of Governor Peabody made a distinct gain this afternoon when the Republican caucus selected W. H. Dickson of this city speaker in the next house of the Colorado legislature. Although Dickson was a resident of this state three years, he has not been active in the interest of any republican faction, but his candidacy was supported by the second of Governor Peabody, and the agreement by the caucus is regarded with much complacency by the Peabody people.

The Republican leaders have not yet determined positively upon a line of action after the legislature opens.

PORT ARTHUR FALLS AT LAST

Fortress Only Taken After Hardest Siege in History and Then Not Until Defenders Nearly All Die.

MIKADO EXTENDS HONORS OF WAR TO STOESSEL

No Humiliation Was Offered to the Brave Russian General Except the Bitterness of Acknowledging Defeat After His Gallant Fight.

TOKIO PRESENTS A SCENE OF THE LIVELIEST REJOICING

France Is Disturbed Over the Dominance of the China Seas by the Japanese and Wants the Powers to Make Them Give Up Port Arthur—St. Petersburg Is Silent as to the Plans in View and Emperor Remains in Seclusion in South Russia.

Associated Press Headquarters, Jan. 2 (10 p. m.).—Port Arthur, whose hills for months have run red with the blood of the bravest of two warlike nations, has at last succumbed to the fierce tenacity of the Japanese attack. General Stoessel, who was most stubborn in carrying out the will of his sovereign, has seen the advance of the besieging army gain in momentum and energy until to hold out longer would have been a crime against humanity.

The conditions of surrender are not yet known, but in all quarters it is anticipated they are such as any honorable soldier may accept from a brave and victorious enemy.

The authorities at St. Petersburg, in the absence of direct official notice from General Stoessel that Port Arthur has surrendered, have not permitted the news to become public. The emperor is in South Russia and the ministers are, for the time being, in the dark as to what dispatches have been sent him from the front.

Tokio is a scene of rejoicing, people finding in the outcome compensation for all the sacrifice of life and money entailed in the 10 months' siege.

To what extent the fall of Port Arthur will make for the restoration of peace is an open question. There is an encouraging note in the expression by Baron Hayashi, Japanese minister to London:

"I hope that in some way it may facilitate final peace," though the pacific note is perhaps lost in later words of the minister, which call attention to the fact that the Port Arthur army will be free to go north to offset the reinforcements Kuropatkin is receiving from Russia.

The spirit of the Russians may be judged by the statement of the secretary of the embassy in London that the campaign will be renewed with fresh vigor in the spring, and the nation will not be content to permit Port Arthur to remain in the hands of the Japanese.

Both the Paris and London opinion is that the squadron under Vice Admiral Rojdestvensky, which started from Libau for the far east three months ago, will have to retrace its way home, as adherence to the original plans will invite disaster without a probability of effecting a juncture with the Vladivostok fleet.

That Japan may not be permitted to retain her position at Port Arthur without dispute is shown by the fact that the Paris newspapers are already reviving a claim made in 1901 holding that the position of commanding the eastern seas by the Japanese is a menace to European powers.

NOGI'S STORY.

Japanese Army Will Enter the Fortress Tomorrow.

Tokio, Jan. 2.—General Nogi's telegram announcing the capitulation of the Russian forces at Port Arthur, is as follows:

"Plenipotentiaries of both parties have concluded the negotiations today. At 4:30 o'clock the Russian commissioner accepted on the whole the conditions stipulated by us and consented to capitulate. The document had been prepared and signatures are now being affixed. Simultaneously with the conclusion of negotiations both armies suspended hostilities. It is expected the Japanese army will enter the city of Port Arthur tomorrow."

TAKAHIRA TALKS.

Says Russia Can End War if Wants Japs Terms.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese minister, was asked tonight whether in his opinion the fall of Port Arthur will hasten the end of the war. Without directly responding, for an answer he referred to the fact that while the fall of Port Arthur was impending the Russians dispatched a second Pacific squadron, and notice was given to send a third army to Manchuria. Further continuation of war, he said, rested with the Russians.

Concerning the fortress of Port Arthur the minister expressed the opinion it will be so cared for by the Japanese as to be prepared for any emergency.

Advices received at the Japanese legation say Nogi has accepted the terms of surrender proposed by Stoessel.

PARIS EXCITED.

Says Japs Are a Menace to European Powers.

Paris, Jan. 2.—The news of the surrender of Port Arthur created a profound impression here, and was universal topic of conversation; the prevailing French view being summed up by the Temps, which says the historic defense of Sevastopol is now surpassed. The French military critics regard the surrender of Port Arthur as rendering Kuropatkin's position increasingly dangerous, as the besieging army of 80,000 men are now released.

Rojdestvensky's squadron can proceed no further. Some Paris journals assert the Japanese occupation of Port Arthur constitutes a menace to all Europe which the chancelleries should prepare to meet.

EMPEROR PREPARED.

Did Not Want Troops Uselessly Sacrificed.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 2.—While there is no longer any doubt in official circles in St. Petersburg that the fate of Port Arthur is decided and that Stoessel's fall defense is ended, the news of the surrender is not yet allowed to reach the public. The government following dictates its own judgment in this course, but the public, so far, is entirely unprepared for the news which must prove a serious blow when it comes. Possibly some of the hesitation of the authorities here in making the announcement, is due to threats of a radical demonstration, coupled with the absence of the emperor; but it is certain no demonstration is likely which could assume serious proportions.

It is learned that the last message sent by the emperor to Stoessel vested the commander of the Port Arthur garrison with discretionary powers and urged him to exercise them rather than allow the defense to go to the last ditch. This may account for the apparent brief time required to conclude the negotiations between the Russian and Japanese commanders.

RUMOR OF PEACE.

Diplomats Think Japan Will Offer Olive Branch.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 2.—In diplomatic circles tonight where there is reason (Continued on Page Four.)

GROWING PAIN

New York Is Extending Much Too Fast.

FORTUNES ARE SPENT

Nearly Hundred Million Goes For a Larger Water System.

ARMY OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

Cent Find Accommodation in Public Schools and Over 8000 Policemen Is Inadequate Force—Fire Department Needs Urged.

New York, Jan. 2.—The gross funded indebtedness of the city of New York is half as great as the total national debt, and the yearly average growth and expansion is so immense that every effort to keep abreast of it in the necessary improvements has failed, as is shown in his annual message by Mayor George B. McClellan, submitted to the board of aldermen today.

In all the great departments the necessity for immediate extension is shown. The present system of water supply is inadequate and the plan to expend immediately \$90,000,000 for acquiring watersheds and building aqueducts and mains is approved.

Although 22 new school buildings are completed and many additions to existing buildings were made during the year, affording accommodations to more than 75,000 pupils, many thousand children are obliged to attend "part time" classes.

Of the police force, which is made up of \$300 men, the mayor says: "The police force is an inferior organization, only in point of numbers." There is also urgent need of a more extensive fire department system.

ENGLAND HEARS IT.

What Is New to Become of Wei Hai Wei?

London, Jan. 2.—The capitulation of Port Arthur is the sensation of London today—the one topic of discussion. Everywhere the utmost admiration is expressed for the defenders and the attacking army, and the probability that Nogi made concessions to the gallant Stoessel is received with much satisfaction.

In diplomatic circles the consensus of opinion was that the surrender might tend in the direction of peace, but none dared venture to say peace is in sight. At the Russian embassy the same spirit of determination to prosecute the war to the bitter end is expressed. In fact, it is confidently stated the Russians only regard the surrender of Port Arthur in the light of a fresh incentive and will spare no efforts in its recapture.

Baron Suematsu, son-in-law of Marquis Ito, and formerly Japanese minister of the interior, says:

"Now we again have Port Arthur we will not allow any other power to hold it after we have beaten Russia. I do not expect the fall of Port Arthur to make much difference with the progress of the war."

In British naval circles the prevailing opinion is the recall of the Russian second Pacific squadron is now an absolute necessity.

A point that is exciting keen interest is the status of Wei Hai Wei, which according to treaty, can only be held so long as Russia remains in possession of Port Arthur. The idea, however, is that Great Britain will continue to hold Wei Hai Wei.

GARRISON STARVED.

Many Times It Had Not Ammunition to Fire With.

Chefoo, Jan. 2.—Commander Kart-zow of the Russian destroyer Vlastin, which arrived here today from Port Arthur, in an interview with the Associated Press correspondent, says:

"Port Arthur falls from exhaustion—exhaustion not only of ammunition, but of men."

"The remnant of the garrison has been doing the work of heroes for five days, but yesterday it reached the limit of human endurance."

"In the casemates of the forts one saw everywhere faces black with starvation, exhaustion and nerve strain. We spoke to them, but they did not give answer, only staring dumbly."

"Lack of ammunition alone was not suggested in seeking terms. Scant ammunition has long been common, and during the past month many forts had nothing with which to return the fire of the enemy."

"Yesterday General Stoessel would still fight. He seemed fanatical on the subject, but he was finally brought to see reason by the insistence of his subordinates."

PAPERS BORROWFUL.

Ask That War Be Carried on Just as Before.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 2.—Novos Vremya and the Russ briefly and sorrowfully announce the fall of Port Arthur. These journals say it will be sad news to the Russians thought it was expected and was known to be inevitable for weeks past. Both papers call upon the country passionately not to let bloodshed during the last seven and a half months in the defense of the fortress go for naught, but continue the war with the same steadfastness of purpose as before.

Knox Appointed.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 2.—P. C. Knox of Pittsburgh, is the appointee of Governor Pennypacker as United States senator to succeed the late Matthew S. Quay, who was nominated to succeed himself in the republican joint caucus of senators tonight.

CONTRIBUTE BRAINS

Efforts of Scientists for Study of Body.

TO GIVE BRAINS AFTER DEATH

Study Has Been Hampered by the Refusal of Relatives of Dead to Allow Their Clay to Go on the Clinical Autopsy Table.

New York, January 2.—Brain specialists have begun a movement which they hope will bring about a condition of affairs more favorable to the study of the human body. It is for the formation of a society, modeled on the plan of the Mutual Autopsy Society of Paris, the members of which, after their death contribute their brains and other organs to science.

A committee composed of three well-known brain experts and anatomist practicing here has been appointed for the purpose of preparing a general form of brain bequest, which will hold in law and not be rendered null by any action that may be taken by relatives of the person making the bequest.

One of the leaders in the movement explained that the study of the brain at present is chiefly hampered by objections of the relatives of the deceased. In the prevailing circumstances it is difficult to obtain, he said, the permission of the family for the removal, preservation, and study of the organ, because the mere suggestion of an autopsy is looked upon with horror.

SURVIVORS LANDED.

Norwegian Steamer Blown Up While at Sea.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Jan. 2.—The steamer Gallia arrived here with the survivors from the Norwegian bark Marpesia, New York for Cetta. The Marpesia was blown up at sea by the explosion of her cargo of naphtha, and 11 of the crew were killed and seven were landed here tonight.

Children Burned.

Diamondville, Wyo., Jan. 2.—Two children of John McPhee, one five and the other a baby, have been burned to death in a fire that destroyed the McPhee home. The parents were absent at the time and did not learn of their loss until they returned.